IBEI SCIENTIFIC REPORT 2012-2013
IBEI SCIENTIFIC REPORT 2012-2013

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Departament de la Presidència
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i de la Unió Europea

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EXTERIORES
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Robert Kissack. MA Program Coordinator. Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Juan Díez Medrano. Coordinator of the Research Program Networks and Institutions in a Globalized Economy. Universidad Carlos III de Madrid
Nico Krisch. ICREA Research Professor. Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Martin Shaw. IBEI Research Professor

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1. Presentation

This IBEI Scientific Report for 2012 and 2013 is the second in the series, after the initial report for the years 2008-11. Since IBEI was established as an inter-university institute in 2004, advanced research has been the main pillar to support its development. The dual nature of IBEI as a graduate school and a research institute has required a strong commitment to foster research activities, in order to position IBEI as a relevant academic center for international studies, at the crossroads of the Mediterranean, Europe and Latin America.

Research activities and projects at IBEI contribute to strengthening relevant capabilities for in-depth knowledge of multiple aspects arising in global politics. They also help consolidate IBEI’s academic reputation in the international arena, as well as facilitating links to the world’s most prominent researchers in this area of study. In spite of the serious economic difficulties that research activities have experienced in Spain over 2012 and 2013, due largely to significant public spending cuts in this area, which have also affected IBEI, the institute has been able to successfully overcome this challenge. Research activities at IBEI have been growing progressively, and having a greater impact during this difficult period. For example, the number of articles written by IBEI researchers published in ISI journals has grown constantly, as has the number of international academic workshops, which has more than doubled over the past two years compared to the previous period.

IBEI’s strategy of attracting researchers with external funding has continued successfully (ICREA, EU-FP7, Ramón y Cajal and Juan de la Cierva programs), enabling the total number of researchers working at IBEI to be maintained during this period. As can be observed in this report, in 2012 and 2013, IBEI has been able to maintain and slightly increase competitive research funding, in part thanks to private sources of funding. These have included the establishment of a new Cátedra Telefónica (Telefónica Chair) at IBEI in 2013, and specific sponsorship for research activities by firms such as LA CAIXA, REPSOL or INDRA. However, this has been a difficult period for IBEI; a young research institute seeking institutional and academic consolidation, which has been significantly affected by the Spanish reduction in public funds for research during a key period of its expansion.

Jacint Jordana Casajuana
Director
2. Researchers and Organisation

2.1 Researchers and staff

IBEI General Management

President: Narcís Serra Serra
Director: Jacint Jordana Casajuana
General Manager: Narcís Castanyer Bachs
Research Coordinator: Carlos Sánchez Moya

Professors from Universities Associated to IBEI


Laura Chaqués. Research Associate (2010-). Associate Professor of Political Science, Universitat de Barcelona. PhD in Political Economy, Universitat de Barcelona (1999).

IBEI Research Staff

Burak Kadercan. IBEI Assistant Professor (2011-2012). PhD in Political Science, University of Chicago (2011).

Matthias vom Hau. IBEI Assistant Professor (2010-). PhD in Sociology, Brown University (2007).


Diego Muro. IBEI Assistant Professor (2009-). PhD in Political Science, London School of Economics (2004).

Margarita Petrova. IBEI Assistant Professor (2009-). PhD in Political Science, Cornell University (2007).

Martin Shaw. Research Professor (2011-). Emeritus Professor in International Relations, University of Sussex. PhD in Sociology, University of Hull (1993).

Nico Krisch. ICREA Research Professor (2012-). PhD in Law, University of Heidelberg (2001).


**IBEI Postdoctoral Researchers**


Laia Mestres. IBEI Postdoctoral Fellow (2013-). PhD in International Relations and European Integration, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona (2013).


Andrea C. Bianculli. Research Fellow (2012-). PhD in Political and Social Science, Universitat Pompeu Fabra (2010).


Benjamin Kienzle. IBEI Postdoctoral Fellow (2010-2012). PhD in International Relations and European Integration, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona (2010).

Anna Herranz. Juan de la Cierva Fellow (2010-2012). PhD in International Relations and European Integration, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona (2009).

**Graduate Students (PhD trainees)**

Martijn Vlaskamp. Predoctoral Fellow FPI-MICINN (2010-). MSc in European Studies, University of Twente (2009).


**Research Assistants**

Irina Ciornei. MA in European Studies, University of Bucharest (2005).


Ferran Davesa. MA in International Relations, Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals (2008).

Andreu Casas. BA in Political Science and Public Administration, Universitat de Barcelona (2011).

Guillem Vidal. MA in International Relations, Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals (2013).
Britta Matthes. MA in International Relations, Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals (2012).

Table 1. Number of Researchers by Year at IBEI (2008-2013)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Researchers</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>University Professors</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>3</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ramon y Cajal Researcher</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ICREA Researcher</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Professor</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Postdoctoral Fellow</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>7</td>
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<tr>
<td>Juan de la Cierva Fellow</td>
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<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marie Curie Fellow</td>
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<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research Assistants</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PhD trainees</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>15</strong></td>
<td><strong>19</strong></td>
<td><strong>28</strong></td>
<td><strong>28</strong></td>
<td><strong>27</strong></td>
<td><strong>31</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2.2 Research Programmes

IBEI’s research programmes aim to produce new scientific knowledge, preferably knowledge of a general kind. It also intends to disseminate this by means of the publication of its researchers’ contributions in the international academic community’s usual channels. Our goal is to define certain research programmes that are both attractive and flexible enough to allow the integration of different viewpoints, avoiding concentration on specific disciplines and/or very precise theoretical problems and study areas. The aim is to seek complementarities with the research carried out at the universities linked to IBEI, while also identifying areas in which there may be major potential for achieving high levels of quality and opportunity in the future.

The research programmes are structured around relevant matters with a transversal nature in the international sphere. It includes a theoretical focus and considers the dynamics of actors and institutions from a general viewpoint as well as the relationship between domestic problems and the global scenario. Therefore, the research programmes are not grouped according to regional areas, but are structured to include interdisciplinary themes and concerns; the aim of this is to facilitate dialogue and joint reflection among researchers.

With the intention of setting up strong research programmes, IBEI dedicates particular attention to all those matters related to existing challenges to the construction of a more balanced international system with a more multipolar structure. The lines of research for tackling these matters are broad-based and capable of covering different subject matters. In this regard, three specific research programmes to be run by the IBEI in the next few years are proposed.

Global Governance
Programme coordinator: Nico Krisch

‘Global governance’ captures the changing patterns in which common problems are dealt with in today’s increasingly interdependent world. Building on classical multilateral forms of cooperation, it encompasses today a bewildering array of actors and institutions. Public and private actors, formal and informal institutions, intergovernmental and transnational forms of regulation interact in an often uncoordinated, sometimes competitive, and typically highly complex structure. In this environment, many of the ways in which government and law have traditionally been enabled and hedged, both on the domestic and on the international plane, are growing less effective, but alternative controls are emerging only slowly.

The research programme on global governance seeks to understand the shape of global governance, its changing legal and normative framework as well as accountability mechanisms as they are adapting to the changing institutional landscape. It is particularly interested in the authority structures of global governance, in the norms that come to complement or replace traditional consent-based forms of legitimation, and in the ways in which
different regimes and layers of law interact. The research programme is driven by a guiding interest in how, in the complex context of global governance, ideals of self-government are being, and can be, realized.

Research fields
• International institutions and their governance structures
• Actors and networks in global regulatory governance
• Forms of global authority
• The legitimacy of global law
• Constitutional interfaces between regimes in global governance
• Popular sovereignty in the global order

Networks and Institutions in a Globalized Economy
Programme coordinator: Juan Díez Medrano

The aim of this research programme is to analyse the political and social context created by the acceleration of globalisation processes from the last decade of the 20th century onwards, and which is still occurring, including the intensification of trade integration processes at an international level and the dynamics of the new regionalism. This programme’s main themes are: the transformation and strengthening of state political institutions; the behaviour of the national political, social and economic actors in this new environment with highly globalised dynamics; and analysis of the interdependence that occurs among countries and which accelerates changes in institutions and public policies.

From the point of view of political economy, a central concern of this programme is the changes in the composition and comparative strengths of the different actors participating in the creation of public institutions and policies, whether national or transnational. The need to study and debate economic growth and democratic consolidation processes is proposed, especially for the developing world. An important consideration is the transformation of both the structures of interests and the actors’ preferences as the result of the above-mentioned globalisation and integration processes.

Finally, this research programme studies the characteristics of the institutional innovations and new public policies, their impact on national societies and the mechanisms of their international spread. Special emphasis is placed on the new political, economic and financial institutions arising from globalisation processes and the political, economic and financial responses triggered.

Research fields
• The dynamics and politics of development
• The impacts of regional integration processes
• The transnationalisation of economic activities
• The spread of policies and institutions
• Democracy, States and growth
Security, Power and Multilateralism in a Global World
Programme coordinator: Esther Barbé

The last two decades have created a “new” security agenda, which incorporates problems of global scope (energy and environmental risks, transnational crime, global terrorism, the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction, massive population movements) that mutually reinforce both each other and traditional problems (armed conflicts, persistent poverty).

From the viewpoint of International Relations, the analysis of security is intrinsically linked to the distribution and exercise of power at an international level. The system’s unipolarism, based on the United States’ military capacity, together with the “war on terror”, has attracted the attention of politicians and analysts in recent years. In this programme, the exercise of power as a social relation in today’s global world deserves a much more detailed analysis, one that incorporates institutional, structural and regulatory dimensions. This involves going into the analysis of the role played by different actors (emerging powers, the European Union, social movements) and by new principles (the responsibility to protect), which involve a challenge to the basis of the state system (national sovereignty). That is why human security now occupies a central role on political agendas.

“Passportless problems” in terms of security have given place to a broad consensus around the need for multilateral responses. For this programme, multilateralism, as an institutional form that coordinates interstate relations with regard to security based on common principles, presents a number of research questions related both to its effectiveness and its legitimacy in the 21st century.

Research fields:
• Multilateral security institutions
• Construction of the global security agenda
• Conflict management and prevention
• Fragile state, globalisation and armed conflict
• The European Union in the security sphere
3. Research Projects with External Funding Granted

EUCROSS-The Europeanisation of Everyday Life: Cross-Border Practices and Transnational Identities among EU and Third-Country Citizens

The EUCROSS project examines the relationship between the manifold activities of EU residents (nationals, mobile EU citizens, and third-country nationals) across the borders of nation states and their collective identities. Specifically, the project will:

1) map out individuals’ cross-border practices as an effect of European integration and globalisation;
2) assess the impact of these practices on collective identifications (also controlling for the inverse causal process).

Which cross-border practices are more likely to foster some form of identification with the EU – e.g., contacts with foreign friends and/or unwanted foreigners, periods of labour mobility abroad, buying property abroad, business and tourist travel, or consumer relations with international companies? Under which contextual and individual conditions do these experiences promote a higher sensitivity to ‘Europe’ – rather than the ‘local’ or the ‘global’ – as an identity catalyst? Which social groups are more prone to adopt a European mindset in the wake of the Europeanisation of everyday life? To disentangle empirically the factors and mechanisms that link together the cross-border practices facilitated by European integration, globalisation and/or other dimensions of collective identity, we adopt a two-stage, mixed quantitative/qualitative approach. In the first stage, we will carry out a quantitative survey among nationals, intra-EU movers (Romanian citizens) and third-country nationals (Turkish citizens) who reside in six European countries (Denmark, Germany, Italy, Romania, Spain and the United Kingdom). In the second stage, we will interrogate, via in-depth interviews, the meaning given by individuals to cross-border practices, their collective identifications, and the role that the European Union, globalisation, and the nation play in these personal narratives, among a select typology of respondents to the quantitative survey.

**Project Coordinator:** Università degli studi ‘G. D’Annunzio’ di Chieti-Pescara  
**IBEI Principal Researcher:** Juan Diez Medrano  
**IBEI Researchers linked to the project:** Fulya Apaydin, Irina Ciomentei  
**Partners:** GESIS – Leibniz-Institut für Sozialwissenschaften; Aarhus University; Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; University of York; Universitatea din Bucuresti.  
**Funded by:** European Comission. 7th Framework Programme SSHH.  
**Funding:** 185,032 euros  
**Period:** 2011-2014
bEUcitizen- All Rights Reserved? Barriers Towards European Citizenship

The European Court of Justice expects European citizenship to become the fundamental status of nationals of the Member States. It lies at the heart of the European integration process. The treaties, legislation, and case law have given Europeans an increasing number of rights. Yet the European Commission complains that these remain underused. Therefore, it has included in FP7 a call for a large-scale IP, identifying and analysing barriers to exercising such European citizenship rights.

Utrecht University is initiating a response to this call. In its project proposal it identifies research questions and several categories of potential hindrances as answers to some of them: contradictions between different rights, multilevel rights, and differences in priorities Member States accord these rights; differences in political, administrative, and legal institutions; financial restraints; lack of sufficient solidarity; administrative and bureaucratic hurdles; language problems; and other practical barriers to claiming and exercising rights - and related duties. Furthermore we distinguish citizenship rights by the types of rights - economic, social, political, and civil - and by the ascribed characteristics of the subjects of these rights: male and female, young and old, native and immigrant.

We believe multidisciplinarity will help in identifying and analysing barriers to the exercise of European citizenship. We can learn from other times and places; therefore we add a historical and comparative dimension to the analysis. And we aim to combine insights from the historical, legal, and social sciences. Overall we want to investigate the options for a multi-layered citizenship true to the EU’s motto ‘In Varietate Concordia’.

Project Coordinator: University of Utrecht
IBEI Principal Researcher: Jacint Jordana
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Andrea C. Bianculli
Partners: Universiteit van Antwerpen, University of Zagreb, Masaryk University, University of Tartu, Universiteit Aalborg, University of Copenhagen, Université Paris 8, Goethe-Universität Frankfurt, Universität Siegen, Democritus University of Thrace, Central European University, University College Dublin, Hebrew University of Jerusalem, Università di Trento, Università Degli Studi di Torino, Jagiellonian University, Universidad de Oviedo, Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals, Gothenburgs Universitet, Universität Zurich, Bogazici University, London School of Economics, University of Oxford, Düsseldorf Hans Boeckler Foundation
Funded by: European Comission. 7th Framework Programme SSHH.
Funding: 98.429 euros
Period: 2013-2017
CONSENSUS 2.0: Policy Dismantling in Europe during the Age of Crisis (2006-2013)

The main objective of the CONSENSUS 2.0 project is to advance the understanding of public policy change by exploring the causes for cross-national and inter-temporal variations in the extent and direction of policy change in public environmental and social policy from 01.01.2006 to 31.12.2013. The sample includes EU countries (Austria, Belgium, France, Germany, Greece, Ireland, Italy, the Netherlands, Portugal, Spain and the United Kingdom) and non-EU countries (Switzerland and Turkey).

To this end, the actual extent and direction of past environmental and social policy changes in the selected countries has to be identified in the first place. In particular, it will be assessed whether and to what extent an expansion or dismantling of public environmental and social policies occurred in the countries and subfields under consideration. In generic terms, policy expansion in the environmental policy field comprises policy changes by which public environmental protection is tightened or made more demanding, whereas policy dismantling comprises policy changes, by which public environmental protection is relaxed or made less ambitious. As regards the social policy field, policy expansion comprises policy changes by which statutory social benefits and services are raised or extended, whereas policy dismantling comprises policy changes, by which statutory social benefits and services are lowered or cut back.

The assessment of policy change will be made on the basis of a comprehensive collection of legislation. This collection encompasses all relevant national legal documents issued by Parliament in three specific areas of environmental and social policy respectively: Clean Air Policy, Water Protection, and Nature Conservation as regards environmental policy; Unemployment Benefits, Old-Age Pensions, and Child Benefits in the social policy field.

The CONSENSUS 2.0 project builds on the previous 7FP ‘CONSENSUS’, in which the same issue has been analyzed of policy expansion and dismantling in the social and environmental policy fields in the period of 1976 until 2005. The economic crisis of the last decennium has imminently put pressure on government expenditure. Therefore the main objective of the project is to examine to what extent the financial crisis has had any impact, and in which way, on national regulations.

Project Coordinator: University of Konstanz
IBEI Principal Researcher: Jacint Jordana
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Andrea C. Bianculli, Ana Garcia Juanatey, Jet Witteveen
Partners: University of Konstanz, Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Funded by: University of Konstanz
Funding: 32,000 euros
Period: 2013-2014
EUMARR-Toward a European Society: Single Market, Binational Marriages, and Social Group Formation in Europe

This collaborative international research project seeks to measure trends in binational marriages between citizens of the European Union and examine the extent to which these binational couples both express and contribute to the emergence of a new European middle class. The study departs from previous research on intermarriage through its exclusive focus on marriages between EU citizens and through the examination of binational couples not from the perspective of how foreigners integrate in host societies but, rather, from the standpoint of the formation of new social groups that one could describe as European. The project brings together demographic and sociological analysis thanks to the collaboration of an experienced and interdisciplinary multinational team of researchers from countries with a significant presence of EU citizens.

Project Coordinator: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
IBEI Principal Researcher: Juan Díez Medrano
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Clara Cortina
Partners: Universität Zürich; University of Mannheim - GESIS Leibniz Institute for the Social Sciences; Vrije Universiteit Brussel; University Groningen
Funded by: European Science Foundation (ESF) – Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation (MICINN) / Programme Euroinvestigación.
Funding: 139,250 euros
Period: 2011-2013

EU-PERFORM-Assessing the performance of the European Union in international institutions

The European Union has made multilateral governance a cornerstone of its foreign policy, and implicit in this is its engagement with international institutions. While much research has been carried out on specific institutions, little of it has been aggregated into comparative surveys between different institutions or over time. This collaborative project has two goals; the first is to establish a common research methodology for the study of EU performance, and the second is conduct research in different international institutions and organisations in accordance with the methodology. The network consists of a core of three members with links to other universities and research centres that will also be involved with the project.

Project Coordinator: Aarhus University
IBEI Principal Researcher: Robert Kissack
Partners: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Norwegian Institute of International Affairs
Funded by: European Science Foundation (ESF) – Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation (MICINN) / Programme Euroinvestigación.
Funding: 14,000 euros
Period: 2011-2013
WAYSOUT-Rules of Disengagement: Individual and Collective Ways Out of Terrorism in Spain

Little is known about why the users of terrorism abandon their violent strategy. Research has focused on the motivations for engaging in terrorism rather than on the motivations for renouncing terrorism. Yet a number of protracted campaigns have ended by the deliberate decision of participants. This research project aims at identifying the individual, material and societal incentives for giving up terrorism in the Spanish context.

For example, is the counter-terrorist effort the most significant variable behind a process of terrorist disengagement? Do groups that abandon violence come to the realisation that terrorism has failed or do they perceive new opportunities for achieving their political objectives through peaceful means? Do terrorists groups and individuals follow a simple logic of cost-benefit analysis? What leads individuals to accept offers of reduced prison sentences or amnesties? Is the decision to renounce terrorism the result of an individual or a group process? How do terrorists perceive the government’s counter-recruitment strategy?

This research project will examine terrorist disengagement in three ethno-nationalist groups – Euskadi Ta Askatasuna - Militar (ETA-m) Euskadi Ta Askatasuna Político-Militar (ETA-pm) and Terra Lliure – in order to identify the mechanisms that facilitate abandonment, defection, decline or defeat. The present multi-level research project seeks to examine processes of disengagement from violent groups: (1) from the reasons why individuals decide to leave an organisation (micro level); (2) to the internal dynamics of such groups (meso level); and (3) effect of counter-terrorist policy on precipitating such disbandment (macro level). Overall, the project will provide an analysis of how Spain dealt with groups employing political violence and terrorism, and what lessons can be learned from these experiences that can be applied to future counterterrorism campaigns.

**IBEI Principal Researcher:** Diego Muro  
**IBEI Researchers linked to the project:** Sandra Levi, Guillem Vidal  
**External Contributors:** Richard English, Lluís Olivé  
**Funded by:** Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation (MICINN) / National Plan R+D+I 2008-2011 Research Projects.  
**Funding:** 16.380 euros  
**Period:** 2013-2015
ACCOUNTREG-The Political Economy of Regulatory Agencies: Accountability, Transparency and Effectiveness

The rise and diffusion of regulatory agencies during the 1990s has enthroned a particular institutional model of state bureaucracy: the regulatory state. Based on autonomy, independence, and expertise as fundamental elements to the improvement of policy outcomes and economic efficiency, numerous regulatory agencies were established to regulate multiple sectors, including economic and social issues, in countries showing diverse administrative traditions. While democratic legitimacy has been traditionally entwined with accountability, the complex patterns of governance today make it increasingly difficult to determine who is responsible for and how to hold them accountable. Accountability has thus become a far-reaching concern for institutions, being this especially marked in the case of regulatory agencies. Moreover, the independence and autonomy of regulatory agencies raises the problem of accountability.

Moving beyond normative frameworks, this research project will empirically analyze the potential of regulatory agencies for political accountability. Taking accountability as a social relation between the agency and its forum, which includes an heterogeneous array of actors and organizations, the study aims to fulfill the following objectives:

1) To map and assess the transparency and access to information mechanisms of regulatory agencies in a comparative perspective, both in sectoral and national terms;
2) To assess the relations of cooperation and conflict between politicians, public servants, professionals, businessmen, and other stakeholders in the context of regulatory governance;
3) To better understand the policy communities around regulatory agencies, with a particular focus on their forum, their argumentation, and dialogue and justification dynamics;
4) To identify which accountability mechanisms are relevant for the effectiveness of regulatory agencies, as they foster a learning process within both the agency and the broader community.

IBEI Principal Researcher: Jacint Jordana
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Andrea C. Bianculli, Fulya Apaydin, Ana Garcia Juanatey
External Contributors: David Sancho Royo, Xavier Fernández-Marín, Isik Ozel
Funding: 52.650 euros
Period: 2013-2015
EUIANUS-The EU in an Unsettled International System: Crisis, Polarity and Multilateralism

As a number of strategic documents illustrate, the promotion of the European vision of global governance, particularly in regard to multilateralism, has become a centrepiece of the European Union’s (EU) external policy. Also in Spain the strengthening of global governance through multilateral institutions forms an important part of the foreign policy consensus. However, both the structures of the international system and the European integration project are currently experiencing rapid and unpredictable changes which have made evident the Union’s difficulties to carry out its policies on the international stage. Due to its alleged characteristics of being “multipolar without multilateralism” this stage is considered to be problematic for the Europeans. The ongoing economic and financial crisis only has enhanced the problems the EU is facing.

The project EU-IANUS aims to develop a conceptual framework for the systematic analysis of the changes in the international system and the European integration process in four main areas in which the EU has become an international actor: Trade and Finance, Energy and Environment, Security and Defence Policy, and Human and Social Rights. Based on this framework, the project will explain the variations between the roles played by the EU in these four areas. More specifically, the analysis will distinguish between three possible types of European roles in global governance: (I) the EU as a “model” for global governance, (II) the EU as one of the “negotiators” of rules and norms of global governance, and (III) the EU as an “instrument” of international institutions that set the rules and norms of global governance. In addition to the identification of European roles, the project seeks to examine the methods, mechanisms and practices that enable the EU to exercise these roles under particular circumstances.

Finally, the rigorous, systematic and comprehensive study of the role of the EU in global governance will enable a cutting-edge analysis of its role as an effective and legitimate actor in different settings in the international arena. In particular, comparisons will be drawn with other key players such as the United States and various emerging powers (Brazil, Russia, India and China). In practical terms, the research will, grounded in scientific methods, contribute to the development of concrete proposals for the reinforcement of the principle of multilateralism in a changing and increasingly uncertain global governance system.

IBEI Principal Researcher: Esther Barbé
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Elisabeth Johansson-Nogués, Robert Kissack, Martijn Vlaskamp
External Contributors: Michal Natorski, Oriol Costa Fernández, Juan Pablo Soriano Gatica, Montserrat Millet Soler, Patricia García-Duran Huet, Gemma Collantes Celador, Raúl Hernández Sagrera, Anna Herranz Surrallés, Benjamin Kienzle, Gonzalo Escribano Francés, Jean Grugel
Funding: 54,990 euros
Period: 2013-2015
INTER-Interest Groups in Spain: Participation in the Governmental and Parliamentary Arena

The main purpose of this research project is to promote a comprehensive theoretical and empirical understanding of the role that interest groups play in the Spanish political system. Specifically, we will examine interest groups mobilization across different policy venues and time, and the strategies they use to influence political decision making. For decades, political scientists have described the policy making as a process that takes place within closed policy communities characterized by the participation of few interest organizations that exchange information and resources vis-à-vis governmental actors, with high levels stability and control of the political agenda. Existing case studies in Spain and other advanced democracies illustrate how in most policy areas there are policy communities, which exhibit both stability and exclusiveness of access across time. Our goal is to test empirically whether this pattern of interest groups participation can be generalized across policy subsystems, and to what extend there are variations of across time.

To do that, we will develop a comprehensive database about the mobilization of interest groups in the governmental and parliamentarian arena from 1986 to 2011 in Spain. More specifically, we will analyze all the appearances (comparecencias) of interest groups in the Spanish Parliament, and all the collegiate bodies (órganos colegiados) through which the Spanish government formally interacts with interest organizations for the discussion of policy issues. With this database we will map out which organized interests have access to the governmental and parliamentary arenas, and how participation varies across policy issues and across time.

This database is also a fundamental tool to analyze why participation of interest groups has changed over time. More specifically, we test whether changes in the participation of interest groups are related to regulatory reforms involving the entry of new ideas and ways of thinking about problems as the agenda setting approach would predict; and whether increasing delegation of political authority towards the EU and CCAA has altered the pattern of mobilization of interest groups in the parliamentarian and governmental arena. Finally, we test to what extend formal access to the governmental and parliamentary arenas is important to explain the ability of interest groups to influence policy outcomes. To answer these questions we will also go into an in-depth analysis of ten issues, selected according to the methodology of the Intereuro research project. For each issue, we identify the policy positions of all the interest organizations involved in the policy making process. From here we assess which policy positions are taken into account in the final policy decisions.

With this research project we will cover the lack of systematic data about the role of interest groups in the Spanish political system, going beyond case studies; we will test empirically existing hypothesis developed by different approaches, and at the same time will try to make a theoretical contribution about the ability of interest groups to influence policy outcomes in a new context of multilevel governance. By using the same
methodology as two other international research projects, we will be able to contribute to the internationalization of research communities, and compare the case of Spain with other EU countries and the US. Finally, we create a new tool about interest groups mobilization that will be available in the future for all scholars.

IBEI Principal Researcher: Laura Chaqué-Bonafont
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Ruben Moliné
External Contributors: Ana Palau Roqué, Luz Muñoz Márquez, Pere Vilanova Trias, Gemma Mateo González
Funding: 35.100 euros
Period: 2013-2015

DYNAMUS-Dynamics of the Multilateral System. Analysis of the Interaction between the European Union and the Global Institutions

The strengthening of multilateral institutions is one of the strategic priorities of the European Union’s foreign policy, as reflected in the European Security Strategy. Spain has also included the reinforcement of multilateral institutions in the guidelines for consensus in foreign and cooperation policy and the National Defence Directive. Nevertheless, the interaction between the EU and the multilateral institutions in the different areas of global governance has not really been subject to scientific analysis up to now.

The aim of the DYNAMUS project is to develop an analysis framework to describe and explain the EU’s varying impact on the multilateral system, and vice versa. This analysis framework will be systematically applied to eight case studies relating to four key thematic areas: business and development policies, energy and environment, conflict management and disarmament, and human and social rights. The analysis framework will distinguish between three types of impact, depending on whether the changes occur in the area of (i) constitutive rules, (ii) regulative rules or (iii) standardization rules. In addition to identifying the type of impact produced in the different empirical cases, the project will analyse the mechanisms by which the impact was produced, for example coercion, socialization, persuasion, emulation and manipulation of the different tools available to the actors.

The systematic study of the mutual influence between multilateral institutions and the EU makes it possible to provide a baseline analysis of the EU as a rule maker and rule taker in the international arena. Furthermore, it makes it possible to establish comparisons between the EU and other international actors (the USA and emerging powers such as Russia, China and Brazil), which are also potential rule makers and rule takers. In practice, the research will help to scientifically identify the main obstacles for the policies for the promotion of multilateralism.
GLOBALREG-The Spread of Regulatory Institutions. Sectorial Networks and National Hierarchies in a Global World

In recent decades, a process of global spread of independent regulatory agencies has occurred. These have been adopted by a large number of states in order to implement regulatory policies in a large number of sectors. These agencies are particularly characterised by their organisational identity, separated from the classic administrative structures, as well as by their specialisation in monitoring, supervising and promoting regulation. If, before the 1980s, regulatory agencies around the world were limited to a few sectors –especially the financial sphere– and some countries, like the USA, the great spread that has occurred in recent years has taken this model to a large number of countries, and to sectors where the aim of regulation is controlling human, social and environmental risks, beyond simply supervising markets.

This project intends to analyse the reasons for this significant spread of regulatory agencies, and why it occurred in such a short time. The project proposes the creation of a database covering regulatory agencies for a wide range of sectors, including all countries in the world with more than a million inhabitants. Identifying the institutional and organisational characteristics of each regulatory agency, the main variations that exist within this kind of public institution will also be analysed. This will involve studying how the process of institutional transfer between countries and between sectors occurs in the context of the global spread of regulatory agencies.
GLOVIR—The Governance of Virtual Globes with Global, Regional, State and Substate Case Studies

Virtual globes are software representations of the Earth to which layers of political, economic, social and cultural databases can be added. They are used more and more on public television and, particularly, the Internet, since the appearance of Earth.Google.com. This can occur globally, although there are restrictions and alternatives at macro-regional, national and sub-national levels.

The main goal of the new GLOVIR project is to identify and theorize about the main actors and factors explaining the behaviour behind the multi-level global governance of the publishing in globalising media of political, economic, social and cultural databases using virtual globes. The GLOVIR research group has theoretical, empirical and, finally, and to a lesser extent, prescriptive aims.

- What are the main actors governing virtual globes? Are they public governments, or private actors, or a complex mixture that requires new concepts? At what level are virtual globes most used? What is the interaction between actors and levels?
- What are the main political, economic and socio-cultural factors governing virtual globes? Are the political factors more important?
- What lessons can be learnt by the academic world, governments and companies?

IBEI Principal Researcher: César de Prado
External Contributors: Marco Garrido Cumberera, Anastasia Obydenkova, Miguel Centeno
Funding: 18,150 euros
Period: 2010-2012

INCAPSO—Effects of social capital on the innovation and internationalization of high-tech firms

The relationship between social capital and firm activities is becoming object of growing interest in the organizations and economic sociology disciplines. The research project we propose studies the effects of social capital on the innovation and internationalization of firm capabilities. Our study focuses on firms that belong to one of the most important high-tech clusters in Spain. The research objectives are: (1) Analysis of the effect that the professional and personal characteristics of researchers and managers in firms devoted to technological innovation have on the social capital they possess; (2) effects of researchers’ social capital on three aspects of the innovation process (innovative creativity, problem solving that requires tacit knowledge, and assessment of business viability of possible innovations); (3) analysis of the effects that the geographic location
of the people that generate researchers’ social capital has both on their innovative creativity and problem solving during the innovation process; (4) analysis of the effects that the characteristics of firms and the industry have on the innovative capability of social capital; (5) analysis of the effect that the social capital that emerges from the relationships that firm managers hold with foreign professionals has on the event that their firm has or has not internationalized its innovation, commercialization, production and financial activities; and (6) analysis of the co-evolving nature of the relationship between social capital and the internationalization of firm activities.

**IBEI Principal Researcher:** Francisco Granados

**External Contributors:** Alvaro Cuervo Cazurra; David Knoke

**Funded by:** Spanish Ministry of Science and Innovation (MICINN) / National Plan R+D+I 2008-2011 Research Projects.

**Funding:** 29,040 euros

**Period:** 2011-2013

**INDIMOVE- Ethnic Politics and Development: A Comparative Analysis of Indigenous Movements in Argentina, Brazil, and Chile**

Over recent decades Latin America has witnessed a dramatic sea change. Indigenous people became a formidable political force, something unthinkable even a generation ago. These movements demand equal rights to overcome longstanding inequalities, and push for special rights that recognize ethnic and cultural differences and secure political and territorial autonomy.

What is the significance of indigenous mobilization for democratic citizenship? What are the consequences of indigenous movements for inequality and poverty? Currently, we lack systematic answers to those questions. Remarkably little attention has been paid on how these new politics of identity are connected to developmental outcomes.

This project will fill in these knowledge gaps. It draws on comparative case studies of indigenous activism around land rights in Argentina, Chile, and Brazil. The research has three major objectives. First, it develops an innovative framework that integrates the analysis of causes and consequences of indigenous movements. Second, it investigates how and why the strategies and intensity of indigenous movements varies. Third, it explores how distinct forms of indigenous mobilization transform the implementation of citizenship and alter dominant conceptions of poverty and inequality. These objectives are pursued by using a qualitative methodology that combines protest event-analysis from local newspapers and semi-structured interviews with indigenous activists, non-activists, state officials, and economic elites.
IBEI Principal Researcher: Matthias vom Hau
External Contributors: Guillermo Wilde, Hillel Soifer
Funding: 50,820 euros
Period: 2012-2014

GREI-International Studies Research Group

As an emerging research group, the GREI came together during 2008 under the auspices of the IBEI. The subjects for study by the group members combine the academic traditions and perspectives of international political economy with those of international relations. The main area for the research group to focus on is a wide set of global problems regarding politics and international development, with the study of international governance processes being tackled transversely. In this way, the group members consider, among other matters, the political economy of the States in the context of globalisation, the role of the multilateral institutions, and the networks of actors present in the international sphere or in the processes of interaction among countries and the effects on their public policies.

IBEI Principal Researcher: Jacint Jordana
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Andrea C. Bianculli, Xavier Fernández Marin, Yannis Karagiannis, Francisco Granados, Diego Muro, Matthias vom Hau, Gokce Goktepe, Patrick Cullen
External Contributors: José Fernández Albertos, Abel Escribà Folch, Lara Nettelfield, Nikitas Konstantinidis
Funded by: Agency for Management of University and Research Grants (AGAUR)
Funding: 36,000 euros
Period: 2009-2013

OBS- European Foreign Policy Observatory

The European Foreign Policy Observatory was founded as a research group in 2001 with the aim of promoting and increasing knowledge and debate about the European Union’s foreign policy. The objective is to consolidate it as a group, raise the visibility of its scientific work (website), the education of young researchers, the group’s internationalisation (work in European research networks) and the creation of a major joint body of scientific work.

IBEI Principal Researcher: Esther Barbé
IBEI Researchers linked to the project: Elisabeth Johansson-Nogués, Robert Kis-
Group Connect-EU Social Sciences and Humanities

The Group Connect-EU (consisting of 12 working groups) aims to promote and strengthen the participation of Catalonia in the Seventh Framework Programme of the European Union. The groups are made up of public and private stakeholders representing the territory who work in science and technology with high impact on the Seventh Framework Programme of the European Union. The working groups was convened by ACC10 (Catalan Agency for Enterprise Competitiveness). The result of the call for applications was the choice of these 12 groups representing technological sectors of the catalan productive structure: sustainable automotive, advanced materials, energy and environment, food, medical technologies, smart transfsics, factories of the future, reactions and catalytic processes, manufacturing systems and electronic components, nano-biotechnology, social sciences and humanities, and media and mobility. The social sciences and humanities group, which is enrolled the Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals, is coordinated by the Universitat Pompeu Fabra. Also involves the Universitat de Barcelona, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Centre d’Estudis Demogràfics, CIDOB, and the Fundación Centre d’Iniciatives i Recercas Europees a la Mediterrànea (CIREM).

Project Coordinator: Universitat Pompeu Fabra
IBEI Principal Researcher: Jacint Jordana
Partners: Universitat de Barcelona; Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona; Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Centre d’Estudis Demogràfics; CIDOB; and the Fundación Centre d’Iniciatives i Recercas Europees a la Mediterrànea.
Funded by: ACC10 – Generalitat de Catalunya
Funding: 7.854 euros
Period: 2010-2012

Cátedra Telefonica de Política y Regulación de las Telecomunicaciones e Internet América Latina - Europa

The Cátedra Telefónica de Política y Regulación de las Telecomunicaciones e Internet has been created to facilitate telecommunications and Internet policy benchmarking between Europe and Latin America.
The goals are: to discuss about telecommunications and Internet policy in Europe and Latin America; to produce working papers that deal with the main regulatory models trends and evolution; to exchange ideas and good practices in ICT policies through visiting research program for Latin American Researchers; to create a knowledge platform in touch with the experts in the field.

**Areas:** Telecommunications and Internet Policy between Europe and Latin America; Regulation and Regulatory Models in Europe and Latin America; The creation of Supranational and Transnational Regulatory Spaces in Europe and Latin America.

**IBEI Principal Researcher:** Jacint Jordana  
**IBEI Technical Advisor:** Josep Maria Castellano Garcia  
**Funded by:** Telefonica  
**Funding:** 50.000 euros  
**Period:** 2013

| Table 2. Number of Research Projects Granted by Starting Year (2008-2013) |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Research Projects Granted (starting year)     | 2008   | 2009   | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   | Total  |
| European Union                                | 1      | -      | -      | 1      | -      | 1      | 3      |
| MICINN/MINECO                                 | -      | -      | 4      | 3      | 1      | 4      | 12     |
| Others                                        | 1      | 2      | 1      | 1      | -      | 3      | 8      |
| **Total**                                     | 2      | 2      | 5      | 5      | 1      | 6      | 23     |

| Table 3. Research Projects Funding by Granted Year (2008-2013) |
|-----------------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Research Projects Funding (by granted year)  | 2008   | 2009   | 2010   | 2011   | 2012   | 2013   | Total  |
| European Union                               | 185.880 € | -     | -     | 185.032 € | -     | 98.429 € | 469.341 € |
| MICINN/MINECO                                | -      | -     | 341.946 € | 182.290 € | 50.820 € | 159.120 € | 734.176 € |
| Others                                       | 14.700 € | 69.600 € | 7.854 € | 10.000 € | -     | 82.000 € | 184.154 € |
| **Total**                                    | 200.580 € | 69.600 € | 349.800 € | 377.322 € | 50.820 € | 339.549 € | 1,387.671 € |
4. Publications

4.1 Papers published in peer-reviewed journals


BIANCULLI, Andrea C. 2013. The Brazilian Association of Regulatory Agencies: Integrating levels, consolidating identities in the regulatory state in the South. *Regulation & Governance*, 7 (4): 547-559. [JCR Q1 – SJR Q1]


DIEZ MEDRANO, Juan. 2012. The Limits of European Integration. Journal of European Integration, 34 (2): 191-204. [SJR Q1]


4.2 Books and monographs


4.3 Book chapters


JOHANSSON-NOGUÉS, Elisabeth. 2013. EU’s Post-Arab Spring Relations with Southern Mediterranean Civil Society Actors, Continuity or Change?. In G. FERNANDEZ ARRIBAS; K. PIETERS; T. TAKACS (Eds). The European Union’S Relations With The Southern-Mediterranean In The Aftermath Of The Arab. Assen: Centre For The Law Of EU External Relations.


4.4 Books reviews


### Table 4. Number of Publications by Year and Category (2008-2013)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Publications</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
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<tr>
<td>Papers published in high impact peer-reviewed journals (Q1-Q2)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>43</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Papers published in other impact peer-reviewed journals (Q3-Q4)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>24</td>
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<tr>
<td>Papers published in other peer-reviewed journals (not ranked)</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Books and monographs</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>1</td>
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<tr>
<td>Book chapters</td>
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<td>16</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>100</td>
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<tr>
<td>Books reviews</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>28</strong></td>
<td><strong>44</strong></td>
<td><strong>49</strong></td>
<td><strong>39</strong></td>
<td><strong>46</strong></td>
<td><strong>36</strong></td>
<td><strong>242</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Figure 1. Number of Papers Published in Peer-Reviewed Journals (ISI) by Year (2008-2013)

- **Papers published in high impact peer-reviewed journals (Q1-Q2)**
- **Papers published in other impact peer-reviewed journals (Q3-Q4)**
4.5 Working Papers

IBEI Working Papers Collection

2013/42. Chris Marsden. *Net Neutrality: Measuring the Problem, Assessing the Legal Risks*


2013/40. José María Castellano. *Universal Service policies in Europe & Latam: Evidence on Bridging the Divide in Rural Areas*


Publication in other Working Papers Series


5. Participation in Scientific Activities

5.1 Presentations in scientific conferences and international congresses


BARBÉ, Esther. 2013. Leading by example? The EU confronts the dynamics of international change. 7th European Consortium for Political Research General Conference, Bordeaux, France. September.


CHAQUES-BONAFONT, Laura; BINDERKRANTZ, Anne; DARREN, Halpin. 2013. Different Media Systems, Different Patterns of Interest Group Access? Interest Groups in the Media in Denmark, the UK and Spain. 7th European Consortium for Political Research General Conference, Bordeaux, France. September.

CHAQUES-BONAFONT, Laura; MUÑOZ, Luz; PALAU, Anna M. 2013. Government and opposition in Spain under the pressure of economic collapse and debt crisis. 7th European Consortium for Political Research General Conference, Bordeaux, France. September.


CHAQUES-BONAFONT, Laura; MORALES, Laura; PALAU, Anna M; ROS, Virginia. 2012. Leading or following? The dynamics between the political elites and public opinion in the emergence of the immigration issue in Spain. *Annual Conference of the Comparative Agendas*, Reims, France. June.


CHAQUES-BONAFONT, Laura; PALAU, Anna M. 2012. Analyzing the capacity of the mass media to determine variations in issue attention in the political agenda. *International Conference of Europeanists*, Boston, USA. March.


5.2 Presentations in workshops and other similar events


JOHANSSON-NOGUES, Elisabeth. 2012. EU’s relations with southern Mediterranean civil society actors: continuity or change? Conference One year after the Arab Spring: The European Union’s relations with the Southern Mediterranean region, Asser Instituut, Centre for the Law of EU External Relations and Universidad Pablo de Olavide, Sevilla, Spain. May.


MURO, Diego. 2013. Insight and Lessons from the Canadian Experience by Professor Christian Leuprecht (Queen’s University) in conversation with Professor Diego Muro. CIDOB Workshop on Politically Motivated Violent Extremism, Barcelona, Spain. May.


5.3 Presentations in seminars and invited lectures


KARAGIANNIS, Yannis. 2013. The Elysée Treaty and European integration theory. BMW Centre for German and European Affairs, Georgetown University, Washington DC, USA. February.


SHAW, Martin. 2012. Iran: Geopolitics, Democracy - and War? *CaixaForum-IBEI Lecture Series Iran, the West and a turbulent Middle East: the Challenges of International Politics*, Barcelona, Spain. May.


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scientific Activities</th>
<th>2008</th>
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<th>2012</th>
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<td>Conferences</td>
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<td>31</td>
<td>38</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>17</td>
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<td>Seminars</td>
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<td>17</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>15</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>32</strong></td>
<td><strong>54</strong></td>
<td><strong>52</strong></td>
<td><strong>62</strong></td>
<td><strong>68</strong></td>
<td><strong>63</strong></td>
<td><strong>331</strong></td>
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</table>
6. PhD Supervision

IBEI Supervisor: Esther Barbé
Title: El Bilateralismo en la Política Europea de España (1986-2008): Alianzas para el Desarrollo de la Política Exterior Europea
Date of the defence: 09/10/2013
PhD Candidate: Laia Mestres
University/Centre: Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona

IBEI Supervisor: Laura Chaqués-Bonafont
Title: Poder y Estructura de las ONG: Análisis Sectorial de la Cooperación al Desarrollo
Date of the defence: 17/07/2012
PhD Candidate: Luz Muñoz Márquez
University/Centre: Universitat de Barcelona
7. IBEI Lectures, Seminars, and Workshops

7.1 IBEI Lectures

11/02/2013. Yoshihide Soeya (Keio University)
*Troubled Waters in East Asia and Japan’s Middle Power Diplomacy*

21/02/2013. Francis Ghilès (CIDOB)
*Imperialist or Neighbour? A New Architecture for Relations between Europe and North Africa*

07/03/2013. Jacques Le Cacheux (Sciences Po Paris and University of Pau)
*A Fiscal Union for the Eurozone?*

02/05/2013. Liis Vihul (NATO Cooperative Cyber Defence Centre of Excellence)
*The Tallinn Manual. Cyber Warfare & International Law*

16/05/2013. Peter Andreas (Brown University and Watson Institute for International Studies)
*Smuggler Nation: How Illicit Trade Made America*

02/07/2013. John D. Wilkerson (University of Washington)
*Congress and the Politics of Problem Solving*

24/10/2013. Alma Guillermoprieto (Author and Journalist)
*72migrantes.com: Hope and Martyrdom at the Border*

07/11/2013. Max Spoor (Institute of International Studies of Erasmus University and IBEI)
*Russia as “Global Breadbasket”: Large-Scale Agriculture and Land Grabbing*

14/11/2013. David Pion-Berlin (University of California at Riverside)
*Reforming The Military And Defense In Latin America: Why Is Progress So Slow?*

23/02/2012. Salvador Giner (Institut d’Estudis Catalans)
*The Future of Capitalism*

08/03/2012. Paul Bentall (Foreign and Commonwealth Office, UK Government)
*The UN Security Council in 2011: Continuity And Change*

12/04/2012. Manuel Montobbio (Spanish Ministry of Foreign Affairs)
*Building International Actoriness and Foreign Policy in Contemporary Spain*

26/04/2012. Martin Shaw (IBEI and University of Sussex)
*Destruction and Control: The Problem of Genocide in Civil War*
10/05/2012. Ferran Izquierdo Brichs (Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona)
Élites Globales: ¿Hacia Un Nuevo Totalitarismo? Un Análisis Desde La Sociología Del Poder

24/05/2012. Dayan Jayatilleka (Sri Lankan Ambassador to UNESCO)
Sri Lanka and the Special Session of the UN Human Rights Council, May 2009

19/10/2012. Estuardo V. Rodriguez (Principal and Counsel, the Raben Group) and Danny Vargas (Executive Director, National Republican Hispanic Assembly)
The U.S. Presidential Election 2012

25/10/2012. Andrew Wilder (United States Institute of Peace)
Sustainable Peace and Political Transition in Afghanistan

22/11/2012. Nico Krisch (ICREA at IBEI)
Liquid Authority: Law, Institutions and Legitimacy in Global Governance

20/12/2012. Knud-Erik Jorgensen (Aarhus University)
Mythologies between Foreign Policy and International Relations Theory

7.2 IBEI Research Seminars Series

18/01/2013. George Tsebelis (University of Michigan)
Bridging Qualified Majority and Unanimity Decisionmaking in The EU

15/02/2013. Joanna Jasiewicz (IBEI)
Exploring Social Mobility Patterns of Highly Skilled Chinese Migrants in the United Kingdom and Spain

15/03/2013. Omar S. McDoom (London School of Economics)
Predicting Violence within Genocide: A Model Of Vulnerability From Rwanda

22/03/2013. Oliver Kessler (Universität Erfurt)
Stucked in the Middle? The Politics of a Sociology Of Economics

12/04/2013. Clara Cortina (Universitat Pompeu Fabra), Juan Diez Medrano (Universidad Carlos III de Madrid and IBEI)
EURO-COUPLES: Socialization, Transnational Adult Practices, and Identification

26/04/2013. Mark Thatcher (London School of Economics)
10/05/2013. Michele Rioux (Université du Quebec a Montreal and IBEI)
Competing Institutional Trajectories Of Global Regulation – Internet In A Fragmented World

24/04/2013. Prerna Singh (Harvard University)
Subnationalism and Social Development in Indian States

31/05/2013. Fulya Apaydin (IBEI)
The Political Economy of Manufacturing Consent: Worker Training Policies across Industrial Clusters in Turkey and Argentina

07/06/2013. Jens Meierhenrich (London School of Economics)
Lawfare in the International System

13/06/2013. Matthew Lange (McGill University)
The Missionary Origins of Ethnic Violence

23/07/2013. George Kyris (London School of Economics)
Europeanisation and Conflict Resolution: The Case of Cyprus

26/09/2013. Susana Borrás (Copenhagen Business School)
When Globalization Hits Home. Mobilization Effects in National Innovation Networks

10/10/2013. Jacint Jordana (IBEI), Andrea C. Bianculli (IBEI), Ana Garcia (IBEI)
International Networks as Drivers of Agency Autonomy. The Case of the Spanish Nuclear Safety Council

31/10/2013. Eckart Woertz (Barcelona Centre for International Affairs - CIDOB)
Non-Hydrocarbon Minerals as Strategic Resources in the Middle East and North Africa

14/11/2013. Juan J. Fernández González (Universidad Carlos III de Madrid)
Conflict and Religion in Global Culture: The Worldwide Liberalization of Abortion Legislation, 1945-2010

28/11/2013. Johannes Müller (Central European University)
Networks in a Contested Region: Euro-Mediterranean Non-State Politics and Intergovernmental Interaction Dynamics

12/12/2013. Ann-Kristin Jonasson (University of Gothenburg)
The EU’s Democracy Promotion and the Mediterranean Neighbours

26/01/2012. Elisabeth Johansson-Nogués (IBEI)
Liberal Voices in Non-Liberal Places? Democratic Aspirations in Russia and Arab Countries
16/02/2012. Fulya Apaydin (IBEI)
Transnational Welfare Provision by Non-state Actors: Comparative Evidence from Turkey and Sudan

01/03/2012. Florian Waldow (University of Münster)
Different Worlds of Meritocracy? Educational Assessment and Conceptions of Justice in Germany, Sweden and England in the Age of ‘Standards-Based Reform’

15/03/2012. Burak Kadercan (IBEI)
Revolutionary Wars, Conservative Peace: Ideological Threats and Military Competition During The ‘Great Transformation’, 1789-1870

30/03/2012. Nikitas Konstantinidis (London School of Economics)
International Treaty Ratification And Party Competition: Theory and Evidence from the EU’s Constitutional Treaty

12/04/2012. Irina Mirkina (IMT-Institute for Advanced Studies and IBEI)
Linking Institutions And Globalization: What Is Stronger - A Reef Or A Stream?

19/04/2012. Stephanie Hofmann (The Graduate Institute of International and Development Studies)
One Foot in the Door: Regime Complexity in European Security

04/05/2012. Jeffrey T. Checkel (Simon Fraser University)
The Dark Side of Transnationalism: Civil War in the Post-Cold War Era

17/05/2012. Dirk Moses (European University Institute)
Partitions, Population ‘Transfer’ and the Question of Human Rights and Genocide in the 1930s And 40s

07/06/2012. Andrea C. Bianculli (IBEI)
The Politics of Free Trade in Latin America: Actors and Preferences across Trade Negotiations in Argentina and Chile

27/09/2012. Eitan Y. Alimi (Hebrew University of Jerusalem)
Struggling To Remain Relevant: Intersecting Ties, Boundary Deactivation, and Disciplining Contention in the Jewish Settler Struggle against the Gaza Pullout

11/10/2012. Xavier Fernández-Marín (ESADEgeo)
Institutional Design of Global Governance: Power and Autonomy of the Heads of International Governmental Organizations

09/11/2012. Yannis Karagiannis (IBEI)
Three Models on the Onset of Catalan Secessionism
23/11/2012. Caroline Archambault (Utrecht University)  
**Young Perspectives on Pastoral Rangeland Privatization: Reconfiguring Identities, Aspirations, and Social Relations**

14/12/2012. Avi Astor (Universitat Pompeu Fabra)  
**Spatial Context, Group Position, and Social Prejudice: Understanding the Origins Of Opposition To Mosques In Catalonia**

### 7.3 Workshops and other scientific activities organised by/at IBEI

#### 22-23 November 2013. Regionalism, Norm Diffusion and Social Policy: Dealing with Old and New Crises in Europe and Latin America  
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Kolleg- Forschergruppe “The Transformative Power of Europe”, Otto Suhr-Institute for Political Science  
Hosted by: Otto Suhr-Institute for Political Science, Freie Universität Berlin  
Coordinator: Andrea C. Bianculli (IBEI); Andrea Ribeiro Hoffmann (Freie Universität Berlin)  
Guest speakers: Tanja Börzel; Andrea C. Bianculli; Andrea Ribeiro Hoffmann; Pia Riggirozzi; Sergio Costa; Tullo Vigevani; Juliano Akira; Stephen Clarkson; Steffen Hindelang; Sophia Schemel; Kerstin Radtke; Marcelo De Almeida Medeiros; Elia Cia; Selene Camargo; Kai Schulze; Miriam Hartlapp; Eleni Xiarchogiannopoulou; Dimitris Tsahouras; Juan Díez Medrano; Mercedes Botto; Carina Breschke; Daniela Perrotta; Mariely Lopez Santana; Florian Hoffmann; Luk Van Langenhove; Stephen Kingah; Liliana Lizarrazo Rodríguez; Phillipe De Lombaerde

#### 22 November 2013. Genocide Studies and Spain  
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Journal of Genocide Research  
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals  
Coordinator: Martin Shaw (IBEI / University of Sussex)  
Guest speakers: Javier Rodrigo Sánchez; Martin Shaw; José Luis Ledesma; Laia Balcells; Marició Janué i Miret; Helen Graham; Samantha Salsench i Linares; Jens Meierhenrich; Dirk Moses; Dan Stone; Cathie Carmichael

#### 18 October 2013. XI Annual Conference of the Euro-Latin Study Network on Integration and Trade (ELSNIT). Internationalization of SMEs  
Organized by: Inter-American Development Bank; Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals  
Hosted by: Generalitat de Catalunya and ACCI0 (Palau de Pedrables)  
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; Antoni Estevadeordal; Alejandro Alvarez von Gustedt; Isaac Martín Barbero; Felip Puig; María Perez Ribes; Signe Ratso; Fernando Torija; Sergio Arzeni; Bernard Hoekman; Fabrizio Operti; Antoni Bassas; Robert Punkenhofer; Lorena Sepúlveda, Josep González; Claudia Uribe; Jordi Gual; Joan Tarradellas
17 October 2013. XI Annual Conference of the Euro-Latin Study Network on Integration and Trade (ELSNIT). Internationalization of SMEs
Organized by: Inter-American Development Bank; Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; Antoni Estevadeordal; Andrew Bernard; Matthieu Crozet; Holger Görg; Johannes van Biesebroeck; Roberto Álvarez; Bernard Hoekman; Patricia Tovar; Ricardo Monge; Marcelo Olarreaga; Simon Evenett; Gianmarco Ottaviano; Karen Helene Ulltveit-Moe; Christian Volpe; Andreas Lendle; Peter Egger; Harald Oberhofer; Iza Lejarraga; Giordano Mion; Oscar Contreras; Florence Pinot

7-8 October 2013. Meeting Research Project CONSENSUS (extended)
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: Christoph Knill (University of Konstanz)
Guest speakers: Christoph Knill; Jacint Jordana; Andrea C. Bianculli; Ana García; Raphael Hanschmann; Yves Steinebach; Martha Bozdemir

30 September – 1 October 2013. Innovación y Regulación en las TIC. Una Perspectiva Comparada entre Europa y América Latina
Organized by: Comisión Económica para América Latina y el Caribe (CEPAL); Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Comisión del Mercado de las Telecomunicaciones (CMT)
Guest speakers: Narcís Serra; Mario Cimoli; Carles Flamerich i Castells; Bernardo Lorenzo; Omar de León; Joan Barata; José Ignacio Peralta Sánchez; Claudio Muñoz; Christopher T. Marsden; Joan Calzada; Raúl Pérez Reyes; Raul Katz; David Sancho; Carlos Raúl Gutiérrez; Johannes Bauer; Ángel Luis López; Jorge Atton; Linda Corugedo-Steneberg; Florencio Utreras; Fernando Liello; Cecilio Madero Villarejo; Fabio del Alisal; Mauricio Agudelo; Elena Scaramuzzi; Diana Parra; Pablo Bello; Jose Augusto de Oliveira Neto; Carlos López Blanco; Edgardo Ortúño; Mónica Aspe; Victor Calvo-Sotelo

April – July 2013. The International Relations Transformations in the Mediterranean Area: The Rol of Egypt and Turkey
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: CaixaForum
Guest speakers: Miguel Ángel Moratinos; Andreu Claret; Antoní Segura; Meltem Müftüler-Baç

19 June 2013. Accountability and Regulatory Governance. Audiences, Controls and Responsibilities in the Politics of Regulation
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: Jacint Jordana (IBEI)
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; Andrea C. Bianculli; Xavier Fernández-Marín; Colin Scott; Maria Stella Righettini; Isik Ozel; Koen Verhoest; Christel Koop; Mattia Guidi; Adrijan van Veen; Nuria Font; Selena Grimaldi
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: Esther Barbé (IBEI and Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona)
Guest speakers: Esther Barbé; Raül Hernández Sagrera; Anna Herranz Surralles; Elisa-beth Johansson-Nogués; Benjamin Kienzle; Robert Kissack; Martijn Vlaskamp; Gemma Collantes Celador; Oriol Costa Fernández; Gonzalo Escribano Francés; Patricia García-Duran Huet; Montserrat Millet Soler; Michal Natorski; Juan Pablo Soriano Gatica; José Antonio Sanahuja

27-30 May 2013. Nueva Gestión de Ciudades
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Goberna América Latina; La Fundación Internacional y para Iberoamérica de Administración y Políticas Públicas; Diputació de Barcelona
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: Pablo Astorga (IBEI)
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; Joan Carles García Cañizares; David Sancho; Manuel López Quero; José Vicente López Álvarez; Pablo Astorga; Victòria Alsina; Jaime Castro; Eduardo Gutiérrez Díaz; Xavier Ballart; Jordi Castells; Carles Llorens i Vila; Jaime Touzza; Antonio López Vega

21-22 January 2013. Meeting Research Project EUCROSS
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: Ettore Recchi (Università degli studi ‘G. D’Annunzio’ di Chieti-Pescara)
Guest speakers: Ettore Recchi; Matteo Abatte; Michael Braun; Adrian Favell; Juan Díez Medrano; Fulya Apaydin; Irina Ciornei; Mike Savage; Dumitru Sandu

14-15 January 2013. Barcelona Workshop on Global Governance
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; ESADEgeo Center for Global Economics and Geopolitics
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; ESADEgeo Center for Global Economics and Geopolitics
Coordinator: Xavier Fernández-Marín; Jacint Jordana; Ángel Saz-Carranza
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; Xavier Fernández-Marín; Barbara Koremenos; George Tsebelis; Robert Kissack; Florian Ries; Göran Ahrne; Nils Brunnsson; Dieter Kerwer; Jelene Cupac; Narcis Serra; Axel Marx; Steve McGuire; Nina Boeger; Ángel Saz-Carranza; Orr Karassin; Roman Goldbach; Jan Wouters; Jed Odermatt; Jonathan Koppell; Nico Krisch; Corneliu Bjola; Lin Ren; Marie Vandendriessche; Javier Solana; Marie-Laure Djelic; Bill Paterson; Hayley Stevenson; Carlos Losada; Manuela Scheuermann; Caterina García; Pablo Pareja
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Programa d’Innovació i Qualitat Democràtica (Generalitat de Catalunya)
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: Josep Lluís Martí (Universitat Pompeu Fabra)
Guest speakers: Francesc Morata; Joan Subirats; Eva Anduiza; Pedro Olalla; Mario Diani; Toni Puig; Helen Darbishire; Ignasi Genovès i Avellana; Albert Batlle i Bastardes; Josep Ramon Ferrer i Escoda; Emanuela Ceva; Josep Lluís Martí

Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: Jacint Jordana (IBEI)
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; Andrea C. Bianculli; Xavier Fernández-Marín; Maria Stella Righettini; Isik Ozel; Koen Verhoest; Jan Wynen; Christel Koop; Mattia Guidi; Faisal Naru; Adriejan van Veen; Nuria Font; Selena Grimaldi; Martin Lodge; Nicholas Dorn; Helge Schröder; Manuel Szapiro; Ana García; David Levi-Faur

April – July 2012. Iran, West, and a Convulsed Middle East: the Challenges of International Politics
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: CaixaForum
Guest speakers: Martin Shaw; Luciano Zaccara; Esther Barbé; Ramin Jahanbegloo

14-15 June 2012. Efectos de los Globos Virtuales en la Gobernanza Multi-nivel de España (GLOBES)
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinator: César de Prado (IBEI)
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; César de Prado; Tomas Molina; Antonio Conesa; Lluís Sanz Marco; Amalia Velasco; Jordi Guimet; Arturo Fernández Palacios; Francisco Sánchez Diaz; Andrés Valentín; Félix Raapzaert; Sara Pijuan; Martín Álvarez; Marco Garrido; Bru Lain

7-8 June 2012. The European Union and Multilateral Institutions: Towards an Anthology on the State of the Art
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinators: Esther Barbé (IBEI and Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona); Robert Kissack (IBEI); Benjamin Kienzle (IBEI)
Guest speakers: Jacint Jordana; Esther Barbé; Benjamin Kienzle; Oriol Costa; Robert Kissack; Knud Erik Jorgensen; Johanne Glavind; Nina Graeger; Lisanne Groen; Tom Delreux; Gjovalin Macaj; Martijn Vlaskamp; Patricia García-Duran; Edith Drieskens
18-20 April 2012. The European Public Policy Conference
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Hertie School of Governance
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinators: Magali Caroline Van Coppenolle (Hertie School of Governance); Andrew Merski (Hertie School of Governance); Lisa Scholz (Hertie School of Governance)
Guest speakers: Matt Davies; Alan AtKisson; Jacint Jordana; Nicholas Dunbar; Manel Manchon; Ansgar Belke; Nikos Christodoulakis; Carles Gasòliba; António Martins da Cruz; Geir Haarde; David Forero; Gerard Thomas; Tim Roll; Felix Lil; Panos Alexopoulos; Alonso Santibanez; Mateo Trujillo; Ivar Gerard van Hasselt; Rebecca Mann; Anna Nogueras; Alice Kersting; Sophia Cote; Ronan Devlin; Alexander Ballantyne; Julian Ebner; Jonathan Fitzsimons; Jun Choo; Jonas Kohl; Katherine Giroux-Bougard; Stephanie de Beer; Rudolf Lennkh; Sara Teghini; Priyam Saraf; Patrick Sumpf; Frederico Brusa; Vanessa Lee; Jane Park

16-17 April 2012. ESF Exploratory Workshop. Fiscal Policy at the Regional Level and Intergovernmental Relations
Organized by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals; Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona
Hosted by: Institut Barcelona d’Estudis Internacionals
Coordinators: Juan González Alegre (Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona)
Guest speakers: Juan González Alegre; Etienne Franchineau; Philipp Breidenback; Philipp Breidenback; Maximilian von Ehrlich; Emma Galli; Marco Percoco; Wouter Wermullen; Helene Lundqvist; Vilen Lipatov; Sebastian Watzka; Luigi Marattin; Rosella Nicolini; Jan Schnellenbach; Raquel Ortega Argiles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Scientific Activities at IBEI</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Lectures</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>86</td>
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<tr>
<td>Seminars</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>113</td>
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<tr>
<td>Workshops</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>45</strong></td>
<td><strong>43</strong></td>
<td><strong>37</strong></td>
<td><strong>38</strong></td>
<td><strong>32</strong></td>
<td><strong>39</strong></td>
<td><strong>234</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
8. International Mobility

8.1 Research Visitors to the IBEI

Carles Boix. Princeton University, June - July 2012-13

Max Spoor. Institute of Social Studies The Hague/Erasmus University Rotterdam, February - May 2012-13; October-November 2013

Alfred Tovias. Hebrew University Jerusalem, February – July 2013


Johannes Müller. Central European University. September-December 2013

Bernd Reiter. University of South Florida. May 2013

Mary Kaldor. London School of Economics. April-May 2013

Mary Martin. London School of Economics. April-May 2013

Knud Erik Jorgensen. Aarhus University. December 2012

Asli Ergul. Ege University. December 2012

Irina Mirkina. Institute for Advanced Studies Lucca, January – July 2012


Carlos de Mesa. Academia Boliviana de Historia. April-June 2012

Johan Adriaensen. University of Leuven. May-June 2012

Mariely López-Santana. George Mason University. January 2012

8.2 IBEI Researchers visiting other institutions

Matthias vom Hau. Freie Universität, Berlin, Germany. October – November 2013

Juan Diez Medrano. Freie Universität, Berlin, Germany. September – December 2013


Margarita Petrova. The Graduate Institute, Geneva, Switzerland. October – December 2012


| Table 7. International Mobility to/from IBEI (2008-2013) |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------| --------|
| **International Mobility** | **2008** | **2009** | **2010** | **2011** | **2012** | **2013** | **Total** |
| Research Visitors to IBEI | 4 | 10 | 8 | 14 | 9 | 9 | 54 |
| IBEI Researchers visiting other institutions | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 7 | 4 | 22 |
Appendix. Financial Information: Competitive Research Funding
### Table A1. Recruitment and Incorporation of Human Resources by Category (2008-2013)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Recruitment &amp; Incorporation</th>
<th>Human Resources</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ramon y Cajal</td>
<td></td>
<td>6.416 €</td>
<td>44.912 €</td>
<td>80.200 €</td>
<td>115.488 €</td>
<td>115.488 €</td>
<td>109.072 €</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Juan de la Cierva</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>22.440 €</td>
<td>67.320 €</td>
<td>67.320 €</td>
<td>54.440 €</td>
<td>32.000 €</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marie Curie</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>25.433 €</td>
<td>76.300 €</td>
<td>50.867 €</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Visitings (MICINN / Erasmus Mundus)</td>
<td></td>
<td>13.000 €</td>
<td>26.000 €</td>
<td>28.650 €</td>
<td>4.800 €</td>
<td>14.400 €</td>
<td>14.400 €</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>19.416 €</td>
<td>118.785 €</td>
<td>252.470 €</td>
<td>238.475 €</td>
<td>184.328 €</td>
<td>155.472 €</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total funding of each program distributed equally by year

### Table A2. Research Projects Funding by Year (2008-2013)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Research Projects Funding (by funding year)</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>European Union</td>
<td>51.633 €</td>
<td>61.960 €</td>
<td>61.960 €</td>
<td>56.585 €</td>
<td>61.677 €</td>
<td>78.082 €</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MICINN/MINECO</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>120.982 €</td>
<td>194.745 €</td>
<td>189.785 €</td>
<td>130.743 €</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>66.333 €</td>
<td>66.310 €</td>
<td>200.997 €</td>
<td>282.657 €</td>
<td>276.135 €</td>
<td>323.875 €</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total funding of each project distributed equally by year
MICINN/MINECO projects funding include “acciones complementarias”

### Table A3. Competitive Research Funding (2008-2013)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Competitive Research Funding</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
<th>2011</th>
<th>2012</th>
<th>2013</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Human Resources</td>
<td>19.416 €</td>
<td>118.785 €</td>
<td>252.470 €</td>
<td>238.475 €</td>
<td>184.328 €</td>
<td>155.472 €</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>85.749 €</td>
<td>185.095 €</td>
<td>453.467 €</td>
<td>521.132 €</td>
<td>460.463 €</td>
<td>479.347 €</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total funding of each program/project distributed equally by year
MICINN projects funding include “acciones complementarias”